GSA/DOE: Request for Information Reducing Carbon Emissions

U.S. General Services Administration | Center for Emerging Building Technologies | Green Proving Ground Program (GPG)

U.S. Department of Energy | Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy | Building Technologies Office (BTO) | Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP) | Solar Energy Technologies Office (SETO)

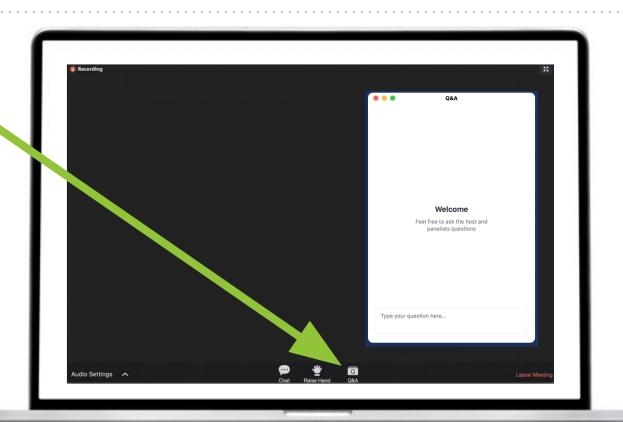




How to Ask Questions

Click the Q&A button to ask questions.

The webinar will be recorded and shared.



Agenda

- Overview
- Program Leads
 - GSA
 - DOE
- What Are We Looking For?
- RFI Mechanics and What it Means to Participate
- Q&A

Net-Zero Carbon Buildings

- High-Performance/Low-Carbon
- Onsite Energy Generation and Storage
- Greenhouse Gas or Carbon Reduction

GSA & DOE Seek Technologies for Net-Zero Carbon Buildings

Joint Request for Information Closes On

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 2021

The U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), working with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), has issued a Request for Information (RFI) for technologies that help reduce greenhouse gas emissions from commercial buildings, Technologies will be evaluated under dynamic, real-world conditions in federally or privately owned commercial buildings. Responses to this RFI will be evaluated based on the technology's potential for equitable and wide adoption in the U.S. marketplace. Novel financing approaches and/or business models to accelerate uptake of lowcarbon technologies are encouraged and may be integrated into RFI responses.

Validate Real-World Performance

Participation can increase market acceptance of your technology by validating realworld performance. Technology evaluations help inform public- and private-sector investment decisions, accelerating commercialization as well as adoption within the federal government and the commercial building industry.

Visit gsa.gov/gpg for more information and to access the RFI.

TARGETED **TECHNOLOGIES**

Technologies should be early commerical, and roady for evaluation in occupied. operational buildings.

- ► High-Performance/Low-Carbon Electrification of major loads: large-scale heat pumps; retrofit heat recovery systems; innovative building envelope retrofits.
- Onsite Energy Generation & Storage High-efficiency PV, BIPV, innovative PV and storage; solar thermal and geothermal, onsite wind, hydrogen
- Greenhouse Gas/Carbon Reduction On-site carbon capture: technologies that use refrigerants with low or no global warming potential
- Review and Complete the RFI by 12/07/21 sam.gov keyword "FY22RFI101221"
- Attend the Webinar Wednesday, 11/10, 1 pm ET register at: gsa.gov/gpg
- ► Questions? gpg@gsa.gov



The Green Proving Ground program leverages GSA's real estate portfolio to evaluate innovative building technologies. The program sims to drive down operational costs in federal buildings and help lead market transformation through the deployment of new technologies. gsa.gov/gpg

The mission of DOE's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE) is to accelerate the research ENERGY development, demonstration, and deployment of technologies and solutions to equitably transition America to net-zero greenhouse gas emissions economy-wide by no later than 2050, and ensure the clean energy economy benefits all Americans, creating good paying jobs for the American people-especially workers and communities impacted by the energy transition and those historically underserved by the energy system and overburdened by pollution. energy.gov/eere/office-energy-efficiency-renewable-energy



Today's Presenters



Kevin Powell
GSA - Program Director,
Center for Emerging
Building Technologies



Robert Meagley

DOE – Technology Manager,

Solar Energy Technologies

Office



Wale Odukomaiya NREL – Research Engineer, Building Energy Science Group



Jeff WannerDOE – Project Manager



GSA Green Proving Ground Program (GPG)

GSA: Largest Single Portfolio of Commercial Office Space

8,721	1,574
PROPERTIES MANAGED, 377M ft ²	OWNED, 188M ft ²

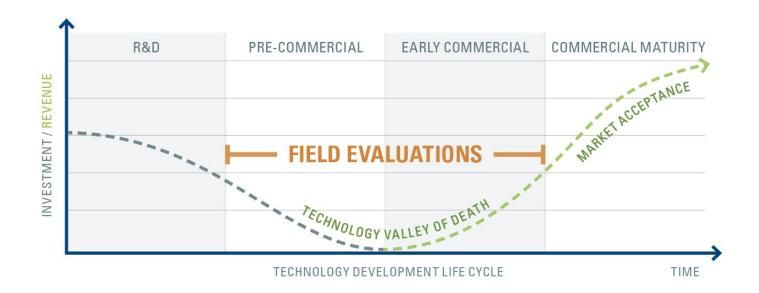
\$325M annual energy costs for owned real-estate

At 52.2 kBTU/ft²/yr, GSA buildings are 33% more efficient than typical U.S. commercial buildings

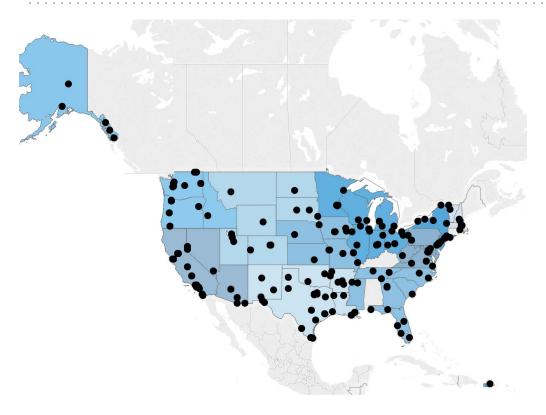


Why Field Evaluations?

Address the lack of objective performance and cost data that inhibit some technologies from finding their customer base.



Center for Emerging Building Technologies: 2011–2021



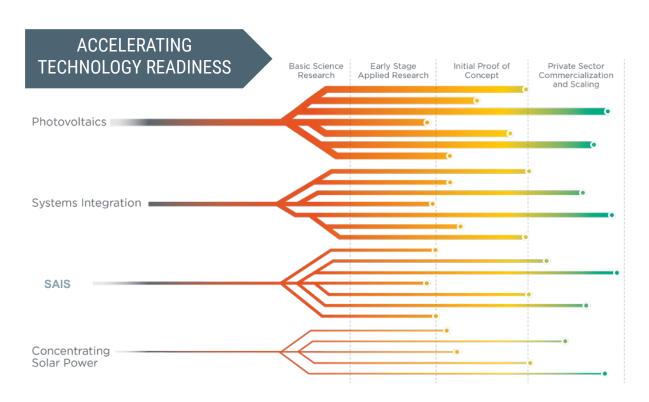
- **792** Technology Applications
 - **80** Technologies Evaluated
 - 48 Reports Published
 - 23 Technologies Deployed in 500+ Facilities

Total Lifecycle Cost Avoidance

\$203M



Solar Energy Technologies Office (SETO)



SETO Manages

>375 Active Projects in 47 States and DC

30% Business/Non-Profit

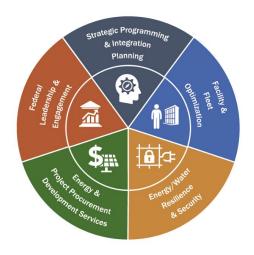
40% National Labs

30% Universities



SETO Contact: Robert.Meagley@ee.doe.gov

Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)



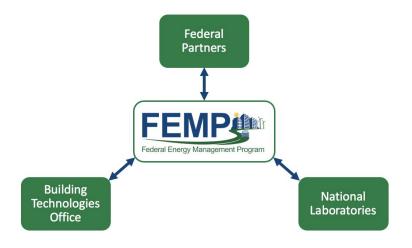
FEMP Mission

FEMP facilitates strategic energy management to enable federal agencies to meet energy-related goals, ensure mission assurance during normal operations, and prepare for mission assurance during conditions that impact normal operations.

FEMP Technology Validation Role

FEMP facilitates collaboration with DOE, federal partners, and National Laboratories to connect potential validation sites with solution providers.

FEMP Contact: Hayes.Jones@ee.doe.gov



Building Technologies Office (BTO)

Better Buildings Partners Are

FORTUNE 100

32 of the Fortune 100 Companies

BTO Technology Field Validation

Connect national laboratories with technology providers and recruited host sites to provide technical assistance and 3rd party measurement and verification.

BTO Contact: Amy.Jiron@ee.doe.gov



13% of All Commercial Building Space



12 of the Top 25 U.S. Employers



28 State Governments



90 Local Governments



Better Buildings: Voluntary Partners Help Inform R&D Priorities





RFI: What Are We Looking For?

Technology Maturity—Early Commercial

Only technologies and solutions that are ready for evaluation in occupied, operational buildings will be considered. Commercial technologies broadly in use and readily available are not appropriate candidates

Technology Categories

- High-Performance/Low-Carbon
- On-site Energy Generation and Storage
- Greenhouse Gas or Carbon Reduction



High-Performance/Low-Carbon Technologies or Solutions

Example technologies include:

- Technologies that electrify major loads
- Larger scale heat pumps (>10 tons/120,000 Btu)
 appropriate for cold climate zones and packaged heat pump systems with water heating or integrated with make-up air systems
- Innovative retrofit technologies to capture and manage waste heat
- Innovative building envelope retrofit solutions



On-site Energy Generation and Storage Systems

Example technologies include:

- Innovative integrated photovoltaics & storage
- Building integrated PV
- High efficiency PV cell & modules (> 20% efficiency)
- Solar thermal and geothermal
- Non-building mounted on-site distributed wind
- Hydrogen fuel cell technologies for on-site power



Greenhouse Gas or Carbon Reduction

Example technologies include:

- Technologies that use next-generation, low or no GWP refrigerants
- On-site carbon capture technologies for fuel-fired processes



Novel Financing Approaches



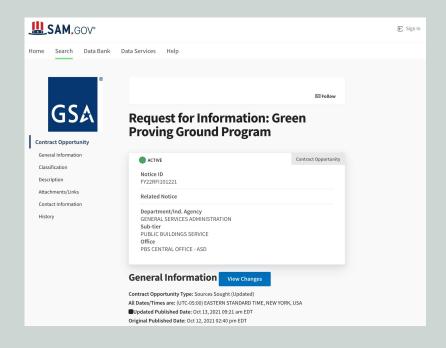
Novel financing approaches and/or business models to accelerate uptake of low-carbon technologies are encouraged, and may be integrated into responses to this RFI to streamline and accelerate deployment of the technology or solution.

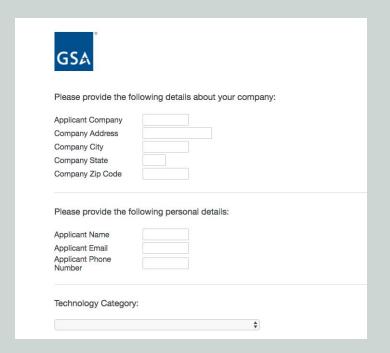
Vendors Must Demonstrate Measurable Success Criteria

- Reduce GHG emissions
- Reduce primary energy (including electricity and fuel)
- Enable on-site energy generation (where applicable)
- Achieve reasonable simple payback periods
- Demonstrate novel financing approaches (where applicable)



RFI: How to Apply Applications Due by Tuesday, December 7, 11:59 PM EST





sam.gov/# FY22RFI201221

RFI Application



Factors considered in selecting a technology:

- 1. Innovation
- 2. Performance
- 3. Costs/Savings
- 4. Deployment Potential
- 5. Technical Risk

Benefits to Participating in a Testbed Evaluation



- Participate in well-supported, high-visibility GSA and DOE programs
- Engage in a full-scale pilot with M&V managed by others
- Receive independent insights regarding technology fit for public- and private-sector buildings
- Inform public- and private-sector investment decisions through publicly available M&V findings
- Increase market acceptance by validating real-world performance

Path to Procurement and BAA and TAA Compliance

For GSA: For technologies looking to sell to the federal market you need a path for BAA or TAA compliance

- Executive Order 14005 Ensuring the Future Is Made in All of America by All of America's Workers
- Buy American Act (BAA)
- Trade Agreements Act (TAA)

For PV: need registration on **EPEAT** or exemption

- Ecolabel developed under EPA grant
- Environmental impact reduction by eco-labeled products
- Includes PV Modules and Inverters and other consumer electronics



Program Participation: Your Contribution

Technology

- GSA Core equipment for evaluation must be (1) gifted to the U.S. government or (2) provided via alternative financing mechanism (i.e. UESC). Equipment installation will be funded by GSA.
- DOE Project details and costs will be negotiated between vendor and host site partner.

Time and Travel

- Provide input to labs on test bed design, project plan, and evaluation report.
- Provide guidance on installation, commissioning, and tenant engagement.
- Travel to 1-3 on-site meetings.

Neither GSA nor DOE will provide direct funding to participate in the evaluation

Roles and Responsibilities

Federal Program

- Overall project management
- Coordinate and fund M&V
- Lead report review and publication
- GPG only: Fund tech installation

Host Site

- Oversee all contracting
- Manage technology installation
- Facilitate tenant engagement
- Provide user feedback

National Lab

- Design project plan
- Site evaluation
- Collect and analyze data
- Author technical report

Tech Vendor

- Provide technology
- Support design, installation and commissioning

RFI: Potential Host Sites

DOE High Impact Technology

 All commercial buildings in the U.S., including privately-owned buildings, federal buildings outside of GSA's jurisdiction, and institutional buildings. Vendors are encouraged to bring your own site.

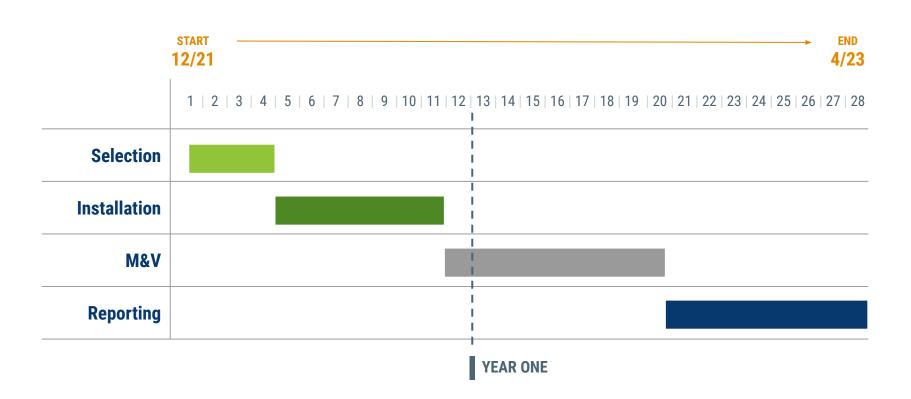
GSA

- Federally-owned buildings in GSA's portfolio
- Large urban buildings with central plant
 - 90% buildings > 100,000 ft², 80% portfolio energy spend: buildings > 200,000 ft²
- Majority in mild climate zone
 - > 80% in ASHRAE climate zones 3, 4, 5
- Energy efficient: Majority Energy Star 80 or better

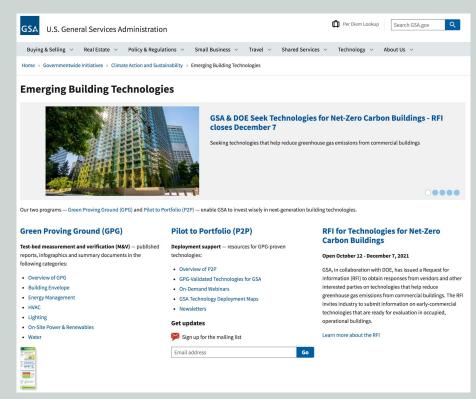
RFI: Timeline

RFI Closes	December 7, 2021
GSA/DOE Reviews Completed	Early February 2022
Semi-Finalists Identified and Notified	Mid February 2022
Semi-Finalist Presentations (virtual)	March 2022
Finalist Selected	April/May 2022

Assessment Timeline



RFI: Program Information and Resources





gpg@gsa.gov | gsa.gov/gpg

Applications Due by Tuesday, December 7, 2021 11:59 PM EST



